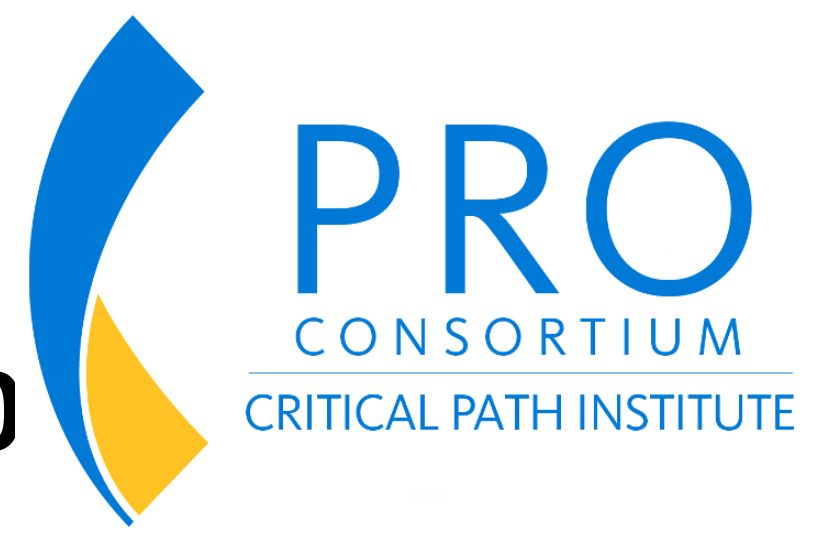


# Pediatric Asthma Working Group

Presented at the Eleventh Annual PRO Consortium Workshop – Silver Spring, MD – April 22-23, 2020



## Background

### Rationale for Pediatric Asthma Working Group (WG)

- Pediatric asthma has been identified as an area in need of novel clinical outcome assessment (COA) tools for evaluating clinical benefit in treatment trials.
- The Asthma Working Group (WG) has developed two patient-reported outcome (PRO) measures (i.e., *Asthma Daytime Symptom Diary [ADSD]*, *Asthma Nighttime Symptom Diary [ANSD]*) for assessing asthma symptom severity in adolescents and adults.
- The U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) requested that the Asthma WG consider developing COA tools to cover a broader range of asthma patients (i.e., < 12 to 17 years old).
- Merck Sharpe & Dohme Corp. (Merck), a sponsor of the Asthma WG, contributed draft versions of a PRO measure (for completion by children ages 8 through 11 years old) and an observer-reported outcome (ObsRO) measure (for completion by parents or caregivers of children ages 4 through 11 years old) developed for use in pediatric asthma trials.
- Merck completed the qualitative phase of development of the two measures including concept elicitation and cognitive interviews with the respective target populations. Merck also received feedback from FDA on the draft measures.
- The Asthma WG decided to focus its efforts on FDA qualification of the *ADSD* and *ANSD*, so a separate Pediatric Asthma WG was formed to examine Merck's research and assess the adequacy of the two draft measures as candidates for qualification.

### Goal of the Pediatric Asthma WG

- To pursue FDA qualification of measures for the assessment of asthma signs and symptoms in pediatric asthma treatment trials: the primary measure would be the *Pediatric Asthma Diary-Observer (PAD-O)*, an ObsRO measure for parents/caregivers of the entire age range (4 through 11 years old). The observer would also consider input from other informants (e.g., siblings, teachers, babysitters, spouses) regarding observable asthma signs or impacts. The *Pediatric Asthma Diary-Child (PAD-C)*, a PRO measure for children age 8 through 11 years old, would be a supportive measure.

### Targeted Labeling Language

- Patients treated with [Drug X] experienced a significant reduction in severity of asthma signs and symptoms.

## Milestones

Milestone	Target Date	Completed Date
Reanalysis of Merck's qualitative data to evaluate data and identify gaps suggested by FDA that required additional research		SEP 2016
Letter of Intent submission to FDA		DEC 2016
FDA Response to Letter of Intent and request for Initial Briefing Package (IBP) received		MAY 2017
Feasibility study protocol submission to FDA		AUG 2017
Written feedback from FDA on protocol recommending separate ObsRO and PRO measures instead of co-completion		MAY 2018
Complete qualitative research on modified COA measures		TBD
Initial Briefing Package submission to FDA		TBD
Qualification Plan submission to FDA		TBD
Full Qualification Package submission to FDA		TBD

## Highlights

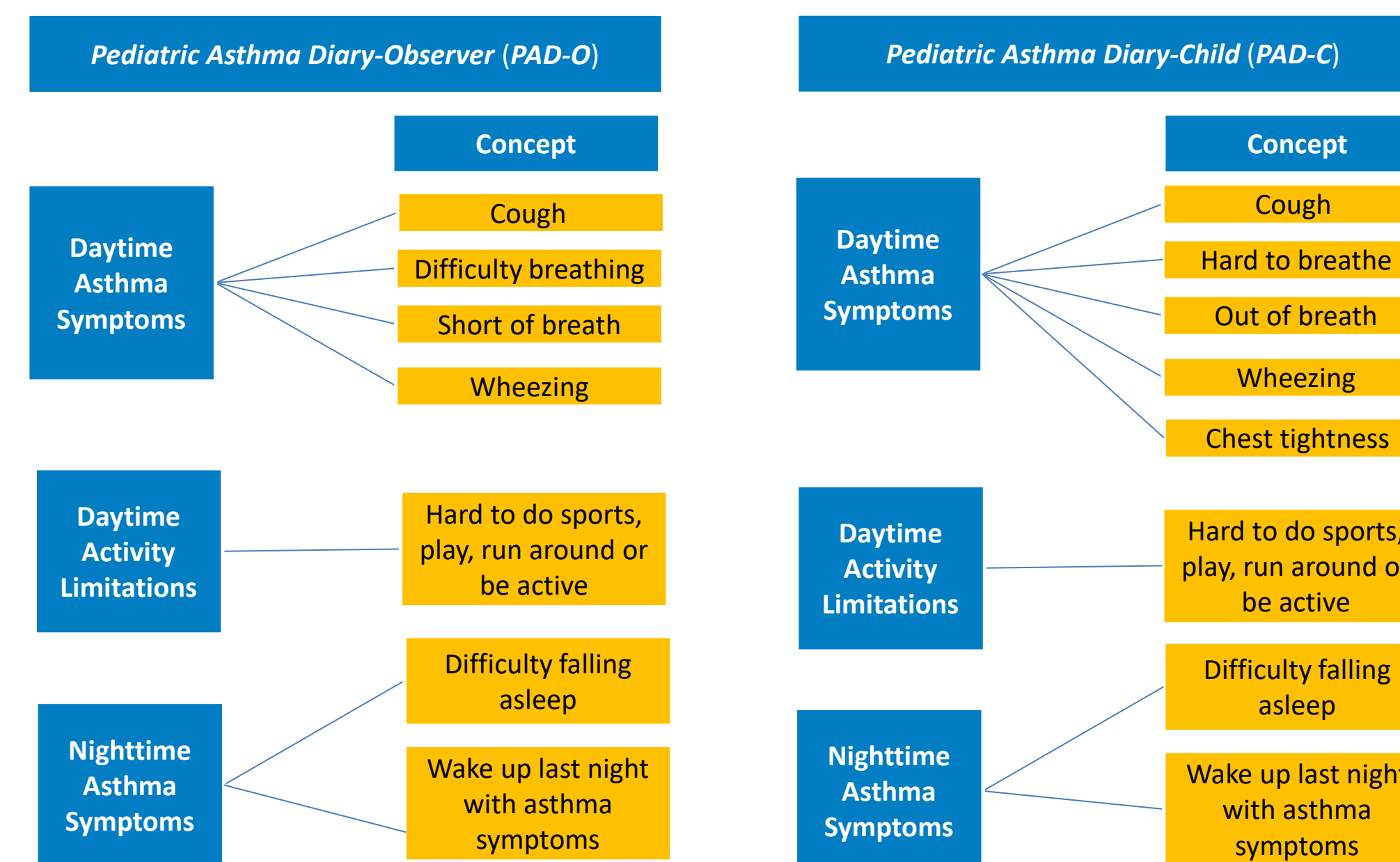
### Example Endpoint Model for Treatment of Pediatric Asthma

Endpoint Hierarchy	Endpoint Concept(s)	Endpoint Type
Primary	Improvements in airflow obstruction <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FEV<sub>1</sub></li> </ul>	PerfO
	Reduction in asthma signs and symptoms	ObsRO (PAD-O)
Secondary	Proportion of days without asthma signs or symptoms	ObsRO (PAD-O)
	Proportion of days without asthma signs or symptoms	PRO (PAD-C)

### Target Population

- Children 4 through 11 years old with a clinical diagnosis of mild to severe persistent asthma requiring a daily long-term control medication

### Hypothesized Conceptual Framework



### ObsRO measure: *Pediatric Asthma Diary-Observer (PAD-O)*

**Core Items:** Morning diary with 2 items and evening diary with 5 items  
**Recall Period:** Morning diary: parent/caregiver-completed after child wakes up in the morning, thinking about the previous night since bedtime; evening diary: parent/caregiver-completed at child's bedtime, thinking about today since waking the child woke up in the morning  
**Response Options:** 5- or 6-level verbal rating scale, Yes/No/I don't know  
**Symptom Attribute:** Intensity or frequency as a measure of severity  
**Data Collection Mode:** Electronic diary, likely handheld device

### PRO measure: *Pediatric Asthma Diary-Child (PAD-C)*

**Core Items:** Morning diary with 2 items and evening diary with 6 items  
**Recall Period:** Morning diary: self-completed upon waking up in the morning, thinking about the previous night since bedtime; evening diary: self-completed at bedtime, thinking about today since waking up in the morning  
**Response Options:** 4- or 5-level verbal rating scale, Yes/No  
**Symptom Attribute:** Intensity or frequency as a measure of severity  
**Data Collection Mode:** Electronic diary, likely handheld device

## Working Group Activities

### Working Group Completed Activities

- White paper submitted to FDA on March 29, 2019 in response to FDA's Broad Agency Announcement (February 2019) outlining a proposal to fund a project titled: Developing Novel Clinical Outcome Assessments for Pediatric Asthma to Facilitate Innovative Patient-Focused Drug Development and Aid Regulatory Decision Making.
  - Invitation to submit full proposal received on June 4, 2019
  - C-Path developed and submitted full proposal to FDA on July 3, 2019
  - C-Path received draft contract from FDA on September 26, 2019; contract fully executed on September 30, 2019.
- Advisory panel teleconference held February 19, 2020, to obtain input from clinician and parent representatives on the measures and the study design. Written feedback received from FDA in parallel.
- Cognitive interview study document preparation is complete. Study protocol, appendices, and consent/assent forms were IRB-approved in March 2020.

### Unique Issues for the Working Group

- The age range for this target population is particularly challenging because of the wide range in cognitive development, ability to reliably report symptoms and understand timeframes (e.g., last night; since you woke up this morning), and ability to read and understand the diary items.
- In addition, asthma is a symptomatic condition for which key symptoms such as chest tightness are not easily observed by others and therefore rely heavily on self-report.
- Concerns about complete, consistent coverage of asthma symptoms for younger ages led to use of Merck's draft ObsRO (for all ages) and PRO measures (for older children).
- Recommendations for use of the self-reported PRO measure for children ages 8 through 11 years old will allow the child's voice to be heard.
- Limitations of observability will be addressed by allowing the observer to incorporate what the child has said about symptoms as well as input from other informants (e.g., siblings, teachers, babysitters, spouses) regarding observable asthma signs and impacts.
- Instructions have been drafted for the observer to follow when completing the ObsRO measure to standardize the observer-reported process across respondents.

### Next Steps

- Both measures are ready to be evaluated in cognitive interviews to determine if the modifications to wording, response options, and instructions are well understood by the respective target populations.
- COVID-19 has impacted cognitive interviews with children and parents/caregivers, which were planned to be conducted face-to-face for optimal results. This was not possible in Spring and Summer 2020 for the safety of participants and interviewers.
- C-Path has received a one-year extension on the BAA contract in order to mitigate the COVID-19 delay.
- The working group prefers to delay recruitment until face-to-face interviews can be conducted to ensure high quality data. The delay will extend the completion of this task.

## Working Group Participants

Company/Organization	Representatives
AstraZeneca AB	Sean O'Quinn, MPH, and Vivian Shih, DrPH
GlaxoSmithKline, LLC	Maggie Tabberer, MSc
Contract Research Organization	Research Team
Adelphi Values Patient-Centered Outcomes	Rob Arbuckle, MSc, MA; Rebecca Hall, MMedSci; Claire Trennery, MSc; Amy Jones, MSc; Lucy Morgan, MPhil